98.0 in 1923, to 99.4 in 1924 and 102.6 in 1925. In 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929 and 1930, however, there was a declining trend again to 100.0, 97.7, 96.4, 95.6 and 86.6, respectively, this last being the lowest figure since 1916. This would indicate that the comparatively small decline in the gross production of manufactured goods in 1922 was entirely due to declining values. Gross production in 1926, 1927, 1928 and 1929 showed large increases in spite of a definite decline in price levels, while the sharp decline in prices during 1930 was probably accompanied by some diminution in the volume of manufacturing as well. (See Table 4.)

In Table 1 are presented statistics showing by provinces the development of Canadian manufacturing industries during the 60 years from 1870 to 1930. To economize space, the statistics for certain years of the annual censuses since 1917, which were given at pp. 407-409 of the 1931 Year Book, are here omitted. Statistics are retained, however, for the years 1917 (the first of the annual censuses), 1918 (the peak year of war production), 1920 the height of the post-war inflation), 1922 (the lowest year of the post-war re-adjustment), and for the latest five years, 1926-1930. Particularly notable is the increase in the manufactures of British Columbia from \$2,900,000 in 1880 to \$277,000,000 in 1929 and of Manitoba from \$3,400,000 in 1880 to \$165,000,000 in 1929. Saskatchewan also shows an increase from \$2,400,000 in 1905 to \$81,000,000 in 1929 and Alberta from \$5,000,000 in 1905 to \$108,000,000 in 1929. Thus the West is rapidly becoming an important contributor to Canadian manufacturing production.

## 1.—Historical Summary of Statistics of Manufactures, by Provinces, for typical years, 1870–1939.1

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( All establishments	itrespective of the num	ider of employees. I

Province.	Estab- lish- ments	Capital.	Em- ·loyees.	Salaries and Wages.	Cost of Materials.	Net Value of Products.	Gross Value of Products.
1870.	No.	\$	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canada	41,259 4,912 3,479 13,818 19,050	77,964,028 6.041,966 5,976,176 28,071,868 37,874,91c	15,595 18,352 66,714	49,851,009 8,176,266 3,869,36, 12,389,673 21,415,716	124,907,846 5,806,257 9,431,760 44,555,025 65,114,804		
Canada.  P. E. Island.  Nova Scotia.  New Brunswick.  Quebec.  Ontario.  Manitoba.  British Columbia.  The Territories.	49,722 1,617 5,493 *8,005 15,754 23,070 344 415 24	165, 303, 625 2, 085, 776 10, 183, 06, 8, 425, 282 59, 216, 992 80, 950, 83, 1, 383, 331 2, 952, 835 104, 500	5,767 20,399 19,922 85,673 118,308 1,921 2,871	59, 429, 902 807, 208 4,098, 445 3,866,011 18,333,162 30,604,031 755,507 929,213 35,425	179,918,593 1,829,210 10,022,030 11,060,842 62,563,967 91,164,156 1,924,821 1,273,816 79,751	1,570,998 8,553,296 7,451,816 42,098,291 66,825,714 1,488,205 1,652,968	3,400,208 18,575,326 18,512,658 104,662,258 157,989,870 3,413,026 2,926,784
1890.							
Canada. P. E. Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. British Columbia. The Territories.	75,964 2,679 10,495, 5,429 23,034 32,151 1,031 770 875	353, 213, 000 2, 911, 963 19, 730, 736 15, 821, 856 116, 974, 615 175, 972, 021 5, 684, 237, 14, 404, 394 1, 713, 179	7,910 34,944 26,675 116,753 166,322 4,403 11,507	7,233,111 5,970,914 39,461,315 49,730,359 1,905,981 3,586,897	5,688,151 5,119,258	219,088,594 2,253,843 14,905,913 11,348,202 66,747,087 111,504,555 4,467,031 6,880,670 981,293	4,845,910 30,968,392 23,849,655 147,459,583 239,241,926 10,155,182 11,999,928

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See note at end of Table 1 on p. 315.